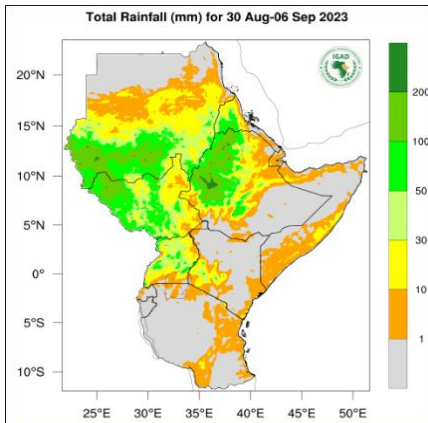
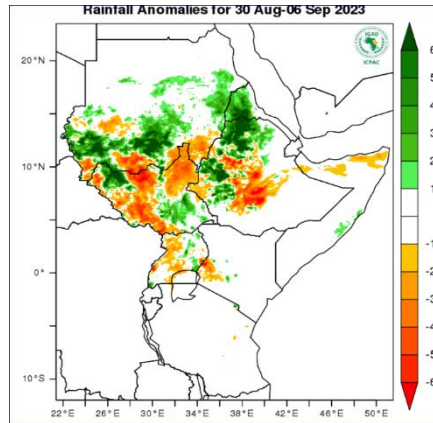


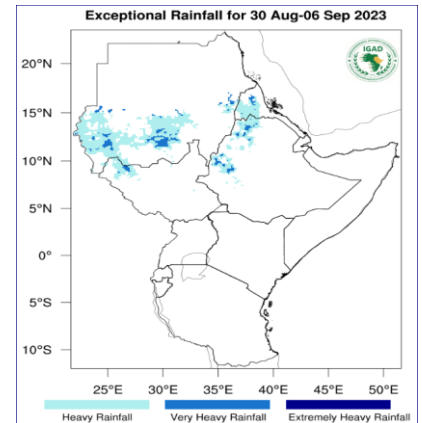
**Rainfall Forecast for 30 August - 6 September 2023**



**Figure 1** – Total rainfall forecast for 30 Aug-6 Sept 2023 (Source: ICPAC<sup>1</sup>)



**Figure 2** – Rainfall anomalies forecast for 30 Aug-6 Sept 2023 (Source: ICPAC)

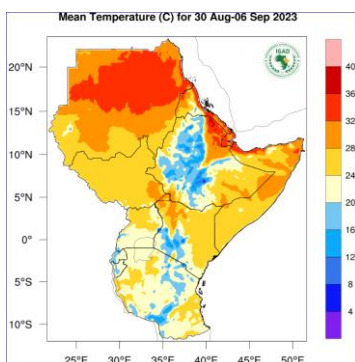


**Figure 3** – Exceptional rainfall forecast for 30 Aug-6 Sept 2023 (Source: ICPAC)

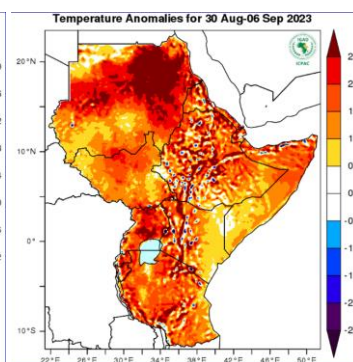
Figure 1 indicates moderate rainfall (50–200 mm - colored green) is expected in central to western parts of the country such as Western Bahr-el Ghazal, most of Western Equatoria, Northern Bahr-el Ghazal, isolated areas of Lakes and Warrap, eastern parts of Unity and western parts of Jonglei, and much of Central Equatoria states; while light rainfall (less than 50 mm - colored yellow and orange) is expected over the eastern parts of the country such as Eastern Equatoria, most of Jonglei and all of Pibor Administrative Area, Upper Nile, much of Unity, Warrap and Lakes, eastern parts of Western Equatoria and southern parts of Central Equatoria states. Figure 3 shows light to very heavy rainfall conditions (colored cyan) expected over South Sudan.

In terms of rainfall anomalies (Figure 2) drier than usual conditions (colored red to yellow) are expected over most of parts of the country while wetter than usual conditions (colored green) is expected in a few areas in eastern and north-western parts of the country.

**Temperature Forecast for 30 August – 6 September 2023**



**Figure 4** – Mean temperature forecast for 30 Aug-06 Sept, 2023 (Source: ICPAC)



**Figure 5** – Temperature Anomalies 30 Aug-06 Sept, 2023 (Source: ICPAC)

Figure 4 indicates moderate temperatures (20 - 32 °C) are expected over South Sudan.

According to the temperature anomalies map (Figure 5) warmer than usual temperatures (colored yellow and orange) are predicted over most parts of South Sudan.

<sup>1</sup> <https://www.icpac.net/weekly-forecast/>

This weather bulletin is produced by FAO South Sudan thanks to funding from African Development Bank; World Bank, the Government of the Kingdom of Norway; and Swiss Development Cooperation (SDC).

Visit the CLIMIS Portal: <http://www.climis-southsudan.org>

View Rain Gauge Data on the CLIMIS Portal: [http://www.climis-southsudan.org/agromet/rainfall\\_data](http://www.climis-southsudan.org/agromet/rainfall_data)

For more details, contact: FAO South Sudan: [FAO-South-Sudan@fao.org](mailto:FAO-South-Sudan@fao.org)