

Rainfall Forecast 08-15 July 2026

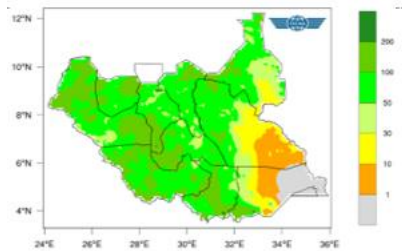


Figure 1 - Total rainfall forecast 08-15 July 26 (Source: SSMS).

Figure 1 above indicates that heavy rainfall of more than 100 mm (Colored dark green) is expected over southwestern parts of Eastern Equatoria, most parts of Central Equatoria, some parts of Western Equatoria State, southwestern parts of Lake State, southern parts of Warrap, most parts of Western Bahr el Gazal State, some parts of Northern Bahr el Gazal State, northern parts of Unity State, some parts of Upper Nile State, and northern parts of Jonglei State. Moderate rainfall of about 50-100 mm (colored green) is expected over most parts of the Country. Light rainfall (less than 50 mm-colored orange) is expected over most parts of Eastern Equatoria, Pibor Administration Area, and most parts of Jonglei State.

In terms of rainfall anomalies (Figure 2), the usual wet-season conditions (colored green) are expected across South Sudan. However, usual dry-season conditions with rainfall less than 10 mm (colored orange) are expected over Eastern Equatoria, Pibor Administrative Area, most of Jonglei State, most parts of Upper Nile State, most parts of Unity State, most parts of Warrap State, most parts of Western Bahr el Gazal State, and isolated areas of Central and Western Equatoria States.

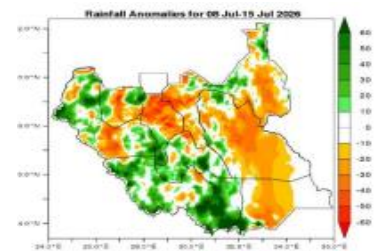


Figure 2 - Rainfall anomalies forecast 05-08-15 July 26 (Source: SSMS).

Temperature Forecast for 08-15 July 2026

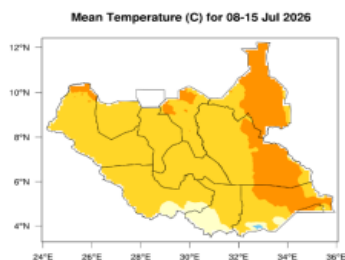


Figure 3 - Mean temperature forecast 08-15 July 26 (Source: SSMS).

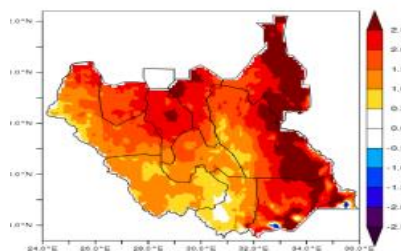


Figure 4 - Temperature Anomalies 08-15 July 26 (Source: SSMS).

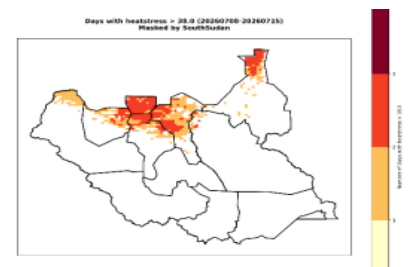


Figure 5 - Heat Stress Index 08-15 July 26 (Source: SSMS).

Figure 3 above indicates that average temperatures of below 32 °C (colored orange) are expected in most parts of South Sudan, while temperatures of above 32 °C (colored red) are expected in the northern parts of Upper Nile State (Renk, Maban, Melut, parts of Malakal and Fashoda) and the northern part of Raga and border areas of Northern Bahr-el-Ghazal with Sudan.

Figure 5 above indicates that the northern parts of Raga County, Abyei, Aweil East, northern parts of Unity, Ruweng Administrative Area, Renk, and Melut counties are expected to experience elevated temperatures of 38°C, which will cause heat stress, for up to 1-3 days from 08-15 July 2026. However, the heat Stress index this week falls within the “extreme caution category level” of warning, meaning immediate action is necessary.

According to temperature Anomalies (Figure 4), warmer-than-usual temperatures (colored orange to dark red) are expected across South Sudan this week.

Source: ¹ South Sudan Meteorological Services; <https://meteosouthsudan.com.ss/>. in collaboration with ICPAC

About this bulletin: This weather update is derived from the Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD) Climate Prediction and Applications Centre’s (ICPAC) weekly forecasts and produced with the support of FAO South Sudan through projects funded by the African Development Bank, the World Bank, the European Union, and the Governments of Canada, Norway, and Switzerland.

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